

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXVII, No. 14.

HONOLULU, H. T. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1902. SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2860.

## OF INTEREST IN HAWAII

Festal Season Will Follow Parker's Arrival.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

**S**AN FRANCISCO, February 15.—Honoluluans may prepare for a festal season. On the Alameda are Samuel Parker, Mrs. Parker, Prince David and wife, Miss Chrystal, Miss Alice Campbell, John Colburn, and maids and valets, etc. Besides there are trunks and boxes full of gay Parisian gowns, and many beautiful things being brought by the distinguished Hawaiians to decorate their persons, and their homes.

Life will be a continuous luau in Honolulu for those in the Parker and David set. The roast pig may well hide himself, for his doom approaches. Lycurgus and Camarinos may beautify their establishments and prepare for an increased business. "Eat, drink and be merry" will be the motto of the gay from the time the Alameda arrives.

Today's Chronicle says: Col. Samuel Parker and Prince David Kawananakoa, the well-known Hawaiians, were the guests of honor last night at a dinner at the Bohemian Club. Parker is a candidate for Governor of Hawaii, and with Prince David, will sail today on the steamship Alameda for Honolulu. With them will sail Mrs. Parker, the Princess Kawananakoa, Miss Alice Campbell, Miss Anita Chrystal, John F. Colburn and B. F. Dillingham, all Honoluluans. Parker and Prince David will be given an ovation by their friends in the Hawaiian capital, who are making great preparations to meet them at sea, and banquet them on land.

E. P. DOLE'S SISTER-IN-LAW WEDS.

Very quietly celebrated was the wedding of Miss Jane Gallagher and Dr. Edwin O. Cochrane, which took place at noon, February 11th, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Gallagher, 1133 Ellis street. The engagement had been kept a secret from their friends, with the desire that the affair would be a quiet one, and their desire was realized. It was a pink and green wedding, the decorations all being those colors. Rev. Father Prendergast performed the ceremony most impressively, and at its conclusion a dainty breakfast was served at which many felicitous toasts and responses were given and responded to complimentary to the newly-wedded couple. The bride looked charming in a smart tailor-made gown of brown ladies' cloth, trimmed with bands of black velvet. Dr. and Mrs. Cochrane left in the afternoon, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Edmund P. Dole of Honolulu, to visit at Del Monte for a few days. When they return they will reside at the Palace hotel, and they contemplate a trip to Europe during the summer.

**HONEYMOON IN HONOLULU.** Mr. and Mrs. Doctor Charles A. Hayes, who were married a few days ago at Los Angeles, will sail on February 25th for Honolulu, where they will spend some days previous to going to their future home at Wu Chau, China.

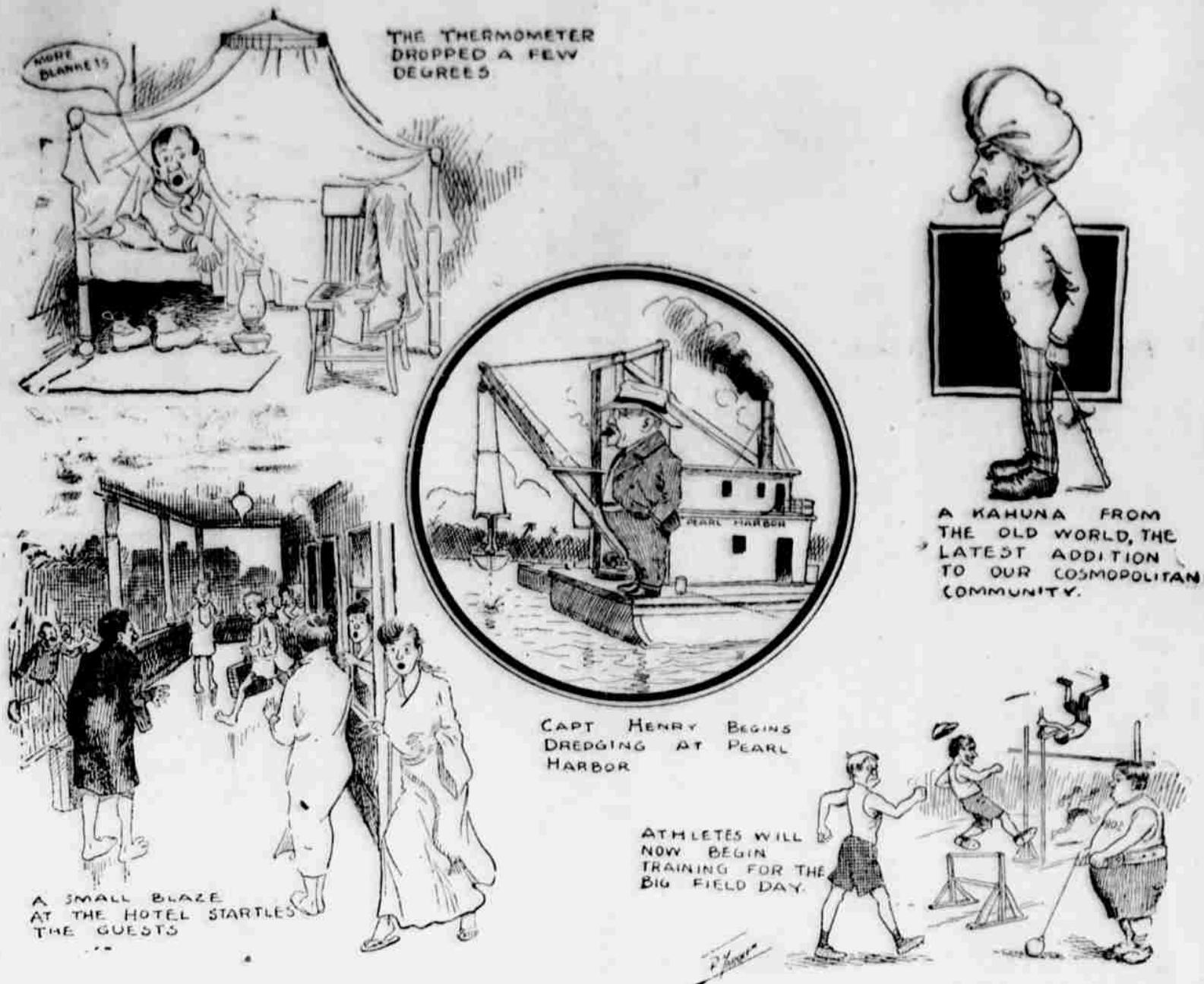
The Los Angeles Times has the following account of the wedding, under date of February 11: Dr. Alice Stein Johnson and Dr. Charles Hayes were married yesterday at noon in the First Baptist church. Rev. Joseph Smale officiating. In the pretty floral decorations of the church green and gold, the colors of the Medical college, U. S. C., of which both bride and groom are graduates, were used in graceful combination. The bridal party stood before a suspended curtain of ropes of smilax and ribbons of gold, on either side of which were potted plants forming a background against the platform. On the latter were large jardinières filled with yellow flowers and trailing greenery.

The ushers were selected from among the college students. They were the Misses Ethel Leonard, Margaret Van Valkenburgh, Antoinette I. Watkins, Eleanor C. Seymour, Caroline McQuiston, E. Myrtle Wellcome, Lura Brown and Mrs. Philip Reese. Their gowns were of dainty white with trimmings of ribbon and lace.

The bride wore a handsome tailor-made suit of wood brown with a vest of white silk, and hat and gloves to match. In her arms she carried white carnations. Dr. Frederick A. Kepp, the maid of honor, was in delicate blue, trimmed with lace applique, with hat of blue and white. The bridesmaids were Miss Aroline B. Ellis and Miss Nellie S. Hayes, a sister of the groom. Both wore dainty gowns with hats to correspond. Charles L. Hubbard attended the groom as best man, and the groomsmen were Stanley Harris and William Wright. Professor Falls, the church organist, rendered the wedding music, playing the "Lohengrin" chorus before the ceremony, and Mendelssohn's "Wedding March" afterward. While the wedding service was in progress "Call Me Thine Own" was rendered softly.

Dr. and Mrs. Hayes left in the afternoon for a short trip to various places

## PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WEEK



## HAWAIIAN YACHT CLUB'S RACE

(From Monday's Daily.)

Yachts of every class and description which belong to the growing fleet of the Hawaii Yacht Club enjoyed another fine cruise to Puuloa, Pearl Harbor, starting shortly after noon on Saturday and returning yesterday afternoon in a good breeze. The run down to Pearl Harbor was a sort of a go-as-you-please and all bowed over the course in good time. A heavy wind outside caused the smaller boats to do considerable maneuvering. Several tacked off in the direction of Diamond Head, going far out in the choppy sea to get a favorable start. The Kahuna crossed the line off Puuloa in the lead, followed shortly by the Hawa, Vi-ke, Pirate, Dewey, Tlie M. Gladys, Kaumana and the Skip. The gasoline schooner Twin Brothers carried a large number of non-members as the guests of the club, and the big steam launch Waterwitch, commanded by Archie Young, also accompanied the fleet. The boats were moored off the Salt House wharf. The provender was put on shore and taken to the new clubhouse.

**LITTERATEUR IN HONOLULU.** Rev. J. L. O'Neill, O. P., the founder and editor of Dominicana, the magazine published monthly by the Dominican Fathers in this city, left the first of the week for a three months' visit to the Hawaiian Islands. He goes for rest and for the benefit of his health, which has felt the tax of assiduous devotion to work, both along literary lines and also in the discharge of his priestly functions. He often occupied the pulpit in St. Dominic's church, attended to the demands of the confessional and performed other parish duties.

Father O'Neill, who is a New Yorker by birth, had attained literary distinction before reaching this Coast. His "Why, When, How and What We Ought to Read" is an accepted text book in many Catholic schools. "Catholic Literature" is an accepted text book in the Discovery of America, and a volume on Savonarola are among some of his well-known books. In the pulpit he is a recognized orator, and while East he lectured before the Catholic summer school at one of the New York sessions. He was transferred to the Dominican jurisdiction in California, and has since been stationed at St. Dominic's monastery on Steiner street.

**GLOBE TROTTER COMING HERE.** Benjamin A. Gould, a wealthy lawyer of New York City, will spend a week or two in Honolulu very soon. Mr. Gould is a globe trotter, who besides having attained eminence in his profession, has a private fortune. He has travelled the by-ways of Europe and Africa, and North and South America, and now intends to see some of the remote corners of the world. He is now at Los Angeles, and will go from here to Honolulu. He will continue on to Japan, and after exhausting his entertainment, will see China and the Malacca Peninsula, the Philippines and India. He expects to shoot a tiger or two there, and in Northern India will join a caravan and go through some of the passes of the India mountains into Afghanistan. From there he expects to cross the Persian Desert into Persia and push on into the Holy Land. Skirting the coast of Asia Minor, he will go into

Holt and Allan Dunn, provided a sumptuous dinner with pork and beans as a side-dish, followed by steaming coffee, all of which was served on the open lawn.

Previous to the dinner the ceremony of raising the club flag to the peak of the new flagstaff domed and erected by Commodore Hobron, took place.

At 10:56 the signal was fired for the start. A limit of two hours was placed on the race, but none finished within the time, and the race was not awarded. The Princess crossed the line three minutes over the time limit. The boats finished as follows: Princess, Mailihini, Columbia, Pirate, Myrtle, Wiki-Wiki, Kaumana, Best time was made by Princess, Mailihini and Wiki-Wiki. During the race the Columbia, Skip, Myrtle and Dewey struck on reefs, but were not damaged. The Princess came abreast of the Columbia near the main channel and both maneuvered and sputtered finely. The Columbia was hampered by her heading over at an alarming angle in heavy breezes. The Princess finally took the lead, and crossed the line far ahead of her rival. The showing of the Mailihini and Wiki-Wiki were a surprise.

The start for Honolulu was made at 11 minutes past 2, the boats crossing the line at the start in a bunch. They met fresh weather part of the way, the Mailihini in the lead, followed by the Wiki-Wiki and the Princess. The first boats arrived about 2:30, as follows: Mailihini, Wiki-Wiki, Columbia, Princess and Skip, the others finishing before 5 o'clock.

Everybody seemed satisfied with the cruise and all look forward to the next. The vote on the war tax bill was to have been had in the House last Tuesday.

The first statue to the memory of McKinley has been unveiled at Muskegon, Mich.

Admiral Von Baudissin of the Emperor's yacht Hohenzollern is being feted in New York.

Governor McBride of Washington has forbidden State employees to ride on railroad passes.

King Edward at his first levee, just held, introduced a new custom. His guests kissed his hand standing instead of kneeling.

Levi P. Morton gave his daughter properly worth a million dollars as a wedding present, but her husband cannot handle the money.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain declared in a public speech that if the Boers submitted England would be glad to receive them as friends.

Two deserters from the Ninth Cavalry were hanged at Guanabon, Province of Albay, for stealing arms, which they delivered to the insurgents.

Maurois Grau is arranging a grand opera performance for the benefit of Prince Harry at New York, upon which \$20,000 will be spent for decorations.

The Hindu twins, connected as were the Siamese twins, have been cut apart by a Paris physician to save them from death by tuberculosis from which both were suffering.

The commission of Ben Daniels, as marshal for Arizona, has been canceled by the President, pending investigation.

Daniels declares that ministers have been his undoing, and if he is deprived of the political plum he must return to gambling.

The attitude of European powers toward America during the Spanish war is still the subject of much talk in the various capitals. Now it is said by the friends of Lord Pauncefote that the first proposals for a coalition against United States originated with the Austrian minister. Germany still adheres to the charges that the English minister was at the bottom of the affair.

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Hilo, Feb. 21.—Ruth, a trim sea going craft owned by R. A. Lucas & Co., was successfully launched Thursday afternoon at Waikae river. A most satisfactory trip was made to Keokea point Sunday morning, the Ruth behaving herself in a very creditable manner.

The Ruth is a staunch gasoline launch propelled by an eight-horse power Wolseley engine, capable of a speed of ten knots an hour. Her machinery has been placed well aft, giving the boat an abundance of room for freight and passengers. The latest addition to Hilo's growing flotilla has a total length of 27 feet, with a beam of six and one-half feet. The Ruth is built of very light stuff, and a very small quantity of the grain is destined for Europe.

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**SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—**The value of exports from the port of San Francisco by sea for the month of January, this year, was \$3,625,656. During January of 1901 the exports amounted in value to \$3,44,783, showing an increase for last month of \$190,873. A prominent item was wheat, 1,104,704 being of which was shipped, and a very small quantity of

Wheat farebills, too. A Honolulu belle

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# KAHILIMA'S WIFE FREE

## A Kauai Senator's Spouse Gets a Divorce.

The wife of Senator L. H. Kahilima, of Kauai, was granted a divorce by Judge Humphreys on the ground of cruelty. She was allowed also attorney fees of \$1,000, an attorney's fee of \$250, and the defendant is required to pay the court costs. Kahilima appeared in his own behalf.

When the case was called for trial yesterday morning the defendant, who is unable to speak or understand English, stated that he was not ready to proceed, as his witnesses were on Kauai. The court inquired if he had not been given two months' time to prepare his case, to which the Senator replied in the affirmative, and the court then ordered the plaintiff to proceed, stating that no continuance could be granted, though he would be willing to wait for any witnesses residing in Honolulu.

Mrs. Kahilima, who was the widow of S. C. Bertleman, then went on the stand and told a harrowing tale of the defendant's alleged cruelty. She mentioned divers occasions when he pulled her hair, stood upon her, pinched her and beat her, and called her vile names. She related one incident of their married life on Kauai where the Senator dragged her over a fence by her hair, and upon one other occasion in Honolulu he is alleged to have pulled her down a flight of stairs by the hair. She said that he threatened one time to pull her bald-headed. She also claimed that he spent from \$7,000 to \$9,000 of her money in riotous living, and that she was compelled to pay the household expenses, though he was amply able to do so. She said that he was addicted to strong drink, and was insanely jealous of her, accusing her on many occasions of going about with old sweethearts, which she denied. He called her proud because she bought everything in her own name, and wanted her to put her residence in his name, and when she objected, he mistreated her. She testified also that he told her daughter that he would not allow Mr. Bertleman's picture to hang upon the wall, and threatened bodily injury in case it was not removed. The part of the testimony relating to defendant's cruelty was corroborated by several witnesses, and then Senator Kahilima went on the stand in his own behalf. He denied flatly that he was guilty of the abuses charged by his wife, and said that he had always been kind to her, and paid the household expenses. He denied the charge of drunkenness, or that he squandered money belonging to his wife. According to his testimony they were living in peace and pleasure, married only occasionally by the usual quarells of married life, and the trouble then arose over the children by his first wife's husband. He said he treated them kindly, however, but objected to providing for all of them.

At the conclusion of the evidence Mrs. Kahilima was questioned as to her income, and she testified that besides the income of a lease held by a sugar-coffee and her residence, she had nothing, and as the lease ran out in seven years, she would then be dependent upon her sons, who had agreed to take care of her.

Judge Humphreys, in granting the divorce, stated that there was some doubt under the statutes as to whether a divorce could be granted for cruelty unless the suit was brought within a year of the time of the commission of the offense charged. As the last assault was upon December 29, 1901, he did not know exactly how to construe the statute, as in case this was a statute of limitations, the failure to bring the suit after the first cruelties might be construed to mean that the assault had been condoned. "There is abundant evidence, however," said the court, "to justify the divorce, and to render impossible the refusal of the court to grant the decree, as to the cruelty alleged to have been committed December 29, 1901. The charges in the complaint that this defendant is addicted to habitual intemperance, or that he squandered large sums of money, I do not find to be true from the evidence presented, as it was not corroborated. The plaintiff says that he squandered from \$7,000 to \$9,000 belonging to her, but this testimony is not corroborated. In fact, from the receipts bills introduced in evidence, it appears that some of them were contracted before the marriage, and the defendant was under no legal obligation to pay them, whatever his moral duty may have been. Ninety-nine per cent of these bills were made out in the name of Mrs. E. C. Bertleman, and it is presumed that she contracted them. The uncontradicted testimony of defendant shows that he helped to support the five children of his wife, as well as their mother."

The plaintiff is entitled to some alimony under the showing made. It appears that the defendant is a man of considerable property, and in receipt of an income of from \$1,600 to \$2,000 per annum. The plaintiff also owns considerable property; she has a residence at Kahili which is worth \$4,000, and enjoys and will enjoy for the next seven years, at least, an income of \$2,000 from her lease. She has but two minor children dependent upon her for support, and in view of all the circumstances, I think alimony in the lump sum of \$1,000 will be about right.

The court based his decree upon the act of cruelty committed December 29, 1901, and allowed an attorney's fee to Mr. McManaman of \$250, the defendant to pay also the costs of the case. A stay of execution for one month was granted for the payment of alimony, attorney's fee and court costs.

IN ROBINSON'S COURT.

Judge Robinson had a busy day yesterday, passing upon several demurrers, hearing an insane matter, and presiding at the trial of Henry Smith vs. Hamakua Mill Company, ejectment in the case of J. Alfred Magoon, trustee for Sophie Witte et al. vs. Lal Young. Judge Robinson sustained the demurser without leave to amend, and the injunction heretofore issued was dissolved. An appeal was taken.

The demurser was also sustained in the case of Biko Ah Lungs vs. Akau Sing, and plaintiff is given ten days to amend.

There was an interesting controversy

## M'KINLEY MEMORIAL FUND.

We, the undersigned, give the sum unopposite our names to the McKinley Memorial Fund:

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E. Brewer & Co., Honolulu, \$1,000  
Carrie & Cooke, Ltd., Honolulu, 1,000  
Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd., Honolulu, 1,000  
H. Baldwin & Co., Ltd., Honolulu, 1,000  
The B. F. Dillingham Co., Honolulu, 500  
The Bank of Hawaii, Ltd., Honolulu, 250  
Chas. M. Cooke, Ltd., Honolulu, 250  
Lowers & Cooke, Ltd., Honolulu, 250  
Henry Waterhouse & Co., Honolulu, 250  
McGilligan Bros., Honolulu, 250  
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## AFFAIRS OF THE PARADISE OF THE PACIFIC TANGLED UP

HERE was trouble at the office

of the Pacific Company

yesterday, and before the day was

over the keys had passed from Mana-

ger Langton to E. A. Mott-Smith, one

of the members of a committee ap-

pointed recently by the stockholders

of the Austin Publishing Company to

take over the affairs of that concern.

The closing up of the offices is due to

the directors and stockholders of the

Austin Publishing Company, or the

Paradise of the Pacific Company, desir-

ing to straighten financial affairs and

begin anew. It is claimed that the

books have not been properly kept,

and that they are in an almost hopeless

tangle. Manager Langton, on the

other hand, claims that the books have

been kept by one of the best ac-

countants in the city, and that his

report was not accepted by the direc-

tors or stockholders, who insisted on

having the accounts kept by a man

of their own choosing. Manager

Langton also says that the company

is indebted to him about \$3,000 for bal-

ance of salary for two years due, for

which he made a request upon the

stockholders, which they ignored. He

further states that he fought against

giving up the possession of the office

because of his counter claim, and that

he acted throughout on the advice of

his attorney, Mr. Russell. Eminent

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### Boyd Reports on Iwilei Wash Houses.

The report upon the public wash houses at Iwilei was the principal feature of yesterday's meeting of the Executive Council. It was submitted by Superintendent Boyd being the report and recommendations of Engineer Gere who is acting Assistant Superintendent of Public Works, upon a visit made recently by Mr. Campbell and himself. The council referred the matter back to the Superintendent of Public Works for such action as he sees fit, and Mr. Boyd will probably begin upon the improvement of the wash houses as soon as the proper arrangements can be made. The report of Engineer Gere differs considerably from that of Inspector Keen, who visited the place for the Board of Health, and Mr. Gere lays to at least 150 feet from the makai end of wash houses and a walk built to them. This would cost in the neighborhood of \$250, and the three two patches at \$250.

W. E. Rowell has asked to be appointed administrator of the estate of Malvina J. Rowell, late of California. The estate is valued at \$8,800.

H. Armitage and W. Lucas have demurred to the complaint in the case of C. A. Long vs. C. McFarlane et al., suit to recover wages from the hull which brought the Hagan company here. Defendants aver that Long has no legal capacity to sue.

John Hind was yesterday appointed executor of the will of the late Robert Robinson Hind.

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### FOURTH DISTRICT WILL NOMINATE

Chairman J. H. Boyd, of the Fourth district Republican committee, has received from the chairman and secretary of the Territorial committee, letter in pursuance of the motion adopted at the meeting of that body February 20, directing the Fourth district committee to get together and nominate a candidate for the Legislature, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of A. F. Cifillian.

The call will be issued very soon for the district convention, and the fight for the nomination is as yet an open one. The only candidate so far mentioned has declined absolutely to permit the use of his name and there is no one who seems to be in the hunt for the place. There was made at the meeting of the Territorial committee a fight against any nomination whatever, but this was overruled and the convention ordered, and a clause annexed to the platform, reaffirming the adherence to the need for municipal government.

The question of a candidate probably

will come up at the meeting of the Home Rule executive committee on Thursday evening. When Prince Cu-pid declined the nomination the matter was left in abeyance until the proclamations should issue and the time seems ripe for the decision. There is a belief that the Prince will reconsider his determination.

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### Leper's Petition Received.

Before any action is taken on the Wilcox leper bill, the petition of the leper residents of Kalaupapa and Kauai will be given full consideration. Charles B. Wilson, who forwarded the communication to Senator Foraker yesterday, received a letter from him, Foraker, through his secretary, acknowledging the receipt of the petition, and assuring the residents at Molokai that there would be consideration given to their petition by the Senate, and the committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico before any action is had. The petition has been laid before the Senate.

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The British cruiser *Phaeton* sailed for Esquimalt yesterday afternoon.

There was an interesting controversy

regarding the temporary assignment to take the case and when it was learned that the letter was filed in the Hawaiian case in Judge Robinson's court, Mr. Camp was concerned. It appears that in view of the fact that there has been an application for some time ago to take the case, it was not for trial that they would have to give up a assignment to be paid to the litigants, and Mr. Hinman brought in Mr. Camp to take down the proceedings. In the meantime Judge Humphreys decided that the law allowed him to appoint a special magistrate in emergencies to be paid out of expenses of Supreme and Circuit Courts, and as Mr. Camp's services were not required necessarily.

Judge Humphreys in reply to Mr. McManaman stated that he would be willing to have him do the testimony, but did not intend to pursue Mr. Camp in his suit, having been removed by him. Judge Robinson, however, refused to give up Jones, as the case is an important one, and the testimony consists largely of Hawaiian names and phrases. Then it was decided by Judge Humphreys that Miss De Cew and Miss Neumann for Judge Gere.

Later in the afternoon Judge Humphreys made an order assigning Colonel Jones to Judge Robinson's court for the term, which will leave him Miss De Cew and Miss Neumann for Judge Gere.

### NO ASIATICS CAN BE EMPLOYED

At last there is no longer any doubt of the final consummation of the much discussed plans for the improvement of the sanitary conditions of Kewalo and Kakaako. Bids for the construction of the first section of the new ditch were opened by Supt. Boyd yesterday, and the contract will probably be signed today with the firm of Vincent & Belser.

The contract price will be \$4465.89, and the work must be completed within three months from the date of starting.

The first section of the Kewalo ditch is to be 1670 feet in length and will be built from the beach to Lanaihi street. The tenders were upon two sections, the first three hundred feet from the mean tide point and the second section to be 1350 feet in length. There were six bids in all, and they ranged all the way from \$3222.50 to \$8765, or nearly three times the lowest bid.

W. E. Rowell put in the lowest bid, but he will not get the contract. The specifications provided that no Asiatic labor could be used on the work, but Rowell stated in his tender that he would not abide by that condition if he received the contract. Superintendent Boyd stated yesterday that no contract would be made, which included Asiatic labor, and that as the specifications were not complied with, Rowell's bid could not receive consideration.

He stated that if Oriental labor was to be allowed he could have received tenders from Japanese contractors far below the tender of Rowell, but that they were refused permission to bid.

The lowest bidder is the firm of Vincent & Belser, though there is but a few dollars' difference from the bid of the Bituminous Rock Paving Co. Vincent & Belser offer to do the work for \$4465.89, while the bid of the Bituminous Rock Paving Co. was just eight dollars higher. The ditch will be of concrete masonry, ten feet across and excavated to the coral stratum.

The contract was not made yesterday, but will be signed today.

The following are the bids submitted to the Department of Public Works, the figures being compiled by Engineer Gere:

| See A See B Total               | Per cubic yd. cub. yd. cost |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| W. E. Rowell .....              | \$3.50 \$4.00 \$3222.50     |
| Concrete Construction Co. ....  | 5.20 5.68 4585.60           |
| Vincent & Belser .....          | 5.43 5.62 4405.89           |
| Y. Correa & Co. ....            | 9.00 11.00 8765.00          |
| Bituminous Rock Paving Co. .... | 5.35 5.35 4413.75           |
| John Walker .....               | 5.50 5.50 4537.50           |

Jared Smith received by the Coptic a quantity of plants, seeds, etc., from Japan, for the Agricultural Experiment Station.

United States Attorney R. J. Breckinridge, of Wyoming, is expected to arrive on the transport Warren, which is due today or tomorrow from San Francisco.

Governor Dole stated yesterday that he had received no word from the Executive Department at Washington bearing on the Governorship. The only communication received were a letter from Land Commissioner Boyd and a ruling by the Interior Department upon land transfers in the Territory.

Jared G. Smith, director of the Agricultural Experiment Station, has returned from a tour of the plantations of Maui, in his investigation of the irrigation plants of the Island. He gathered a large amount of valuable information and statistics relative to the pumping machinery and methods of the Maui people, which will be forwarded in a report to Washington.

Richard Croker's big farm at Wantage will supply milk and butter to the London market.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII.—AT CHAMBERS.—IN PROBATE.

In the Matter of the Estate of John D. Neal, of Koloa, Kauai.—Order for Notice of Hearing Petition for Probate of Will.

A document purporting to be the last will and testament of John D. Neal, deceased, having on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1902, been presented to said Probate Court, and a petition for the probate thereof, and for the issuance of letters testamentary to E. E. Conant and John W. Neal, having been filed therein.

It is hereby ordered, that Thursday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the judge of said court at the courtroom of said court, at Lihue, Island of Kauai, and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

It is ordered, that Thursday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the judge of said court at the courtroom of said court, at Lihue, Island of Kauai, and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

At Lihue, Kauai, this 25th day of February, 1902.

By the Court.

H. D. WISHARD, Clerk.

2360—Feb. 25; March 4, 11.

Like the flight of the swiftest bird is the progress of a hacking cough into consumption

# MAUI'S BUSY RESIDENTS

February 22nd is Appropriately Marked.

MAUI, Feb. 22.—Last evening, at Maumau Seminary, the birthday anniversary of Washington was celebrated in a style that vividly recalled the days of '76, and many years before. There was a large number of Makawao people present, many of them being in costume of the colonial time.

As the guests arrived they were, as it seemed, received by Gov. Washington and Martha Washington, assisted by Uncle Sam, Paul Revere and Lafayette. The evening's program was as follows:

Chorus—Summary Girls Reading—“Reminiscences of Washington,” Dr. Beckwith; “Moll Pitcher,” Mrs. H. P. Baldwin; “Paul Revere’s Ride,” Tableau—“Paul Revere’s Ride.”

Mrs. W. E. Beckwith read the poem while W. O. Aiken as Paul Revere, rode a hobby horse most furiously. Uncle Sam, in the meantime, placing every now and then the mile posts.

Tableau—“The Courting of Miles Standish.” Mrs. Watson read the poem.

Tableau—“The Salem Witch,” Miss Turner.

Song—“Johnny Smoker,” by Miss Burner, in German costume.

Tableau—“Betsy Ross Making the Flag.”

Double Quartet—“Trust Her Not,” by Mrs. Hale, Misses Coulodge, Fleming and Dowdle, and Messrs. Nicoll, Dowdle, Lindsay and G. H. Baldwin.

Scotch Song—By Mr. Thompson, in modern Scotch costume.

Tableau—“Statue of Liberty,” Miss Steele.

The last event of the evening was the singing of the “Star Spangled Banner” from the stage by all present in costume.

The following is a partial list of those who appeared in costume:

George Washington, F. F. Alexander, Martha Washington, Mrs. W. O. Aiken, Uncle Sam, W. E. Beckwith, “Johnny Bull,” L. von Tempsky, “Paul Revere,” W. O. Aiken, “John Alden,” J. J. Hair, “Miles Standish,” W. E. Nicoll, “Elder Brewster,” Dr. E. G. Beckwith, “Napoleon,” S. R. Dowdle, “Pelsilla,” Miss Dowdle, a Welsh, Miss Turner, “Columbus,” Miss Coulodge, a Puritan maiden, Miss Rice, ladies in the days of Washington, Mrs. Hair and Miss Fleming, “Pierrot,” D. C. Lindsay, Spanish lady, Mrs. D. C. Lindsay, Puritan soldier, G. H. Baldwin, “Lafayette,” C. E. Copeland, Quakeress, Miss Lindsay, “Betsy Ross,” Miss Burner; a milkmaid, Miss L. Lindsay; a yeoman, James Lindsay, Norwegian lady, Miss S. Hannestad, Scotch gentleman, Mr. Thompson, empire dress, Mrs. George Wilbur, “Goddess of Liberty,” Miss Steele, and others.

JARED SMITH'S VISIT.

Jared G. Smith, of the Honolulu Experiment Station, has been on Maui a week or more looking up statistics in regard to the Island's water supply. He has been the guest of Manager H. A. Baldwin of Hamakapoko, Manager H. P. Baldwin of Spreckelsville and Manager L. von Tempsky, of Makawao. Mr. Von Tempsky piloted Mr. Smith to some of the water sources on Haleakala's slope, and incidentally, Thursday, the 20th, exhibited to him the beauties of the largest crater in the world.

POSTAL INSPECTION.

G. D. Linn, inspector in charge of territorial postoffices, has been making a tour of Maui this week. He landed from the steamer at Hana, and after inspecting offices there rode overland to Makawao, in company with Postmaster Omsted of Hana. He then made a flying visit to Wailuku, and afterward returning to Makawao, inspected postal facilities, and on Friday departed for Ulupakalua, taking the Kinua for Honolua at Nakema the same evening.

MAKAWAO TEACHERS.

During the afternoon of Monday, the 17th, the regular meeting of the Makawao teachers was held at the Makawao schoolhouse, the attendance numbering seventeen. The program consisted of the reading of the last three nets of the “Merchant of Venice,” and a botany lesson. At the next meeting the tragedy of “Julius Caesar” will be taken up.

PERSONAL NOTES.

By today's Clarendon Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Anderson Jr., of Sali Lake City, who have been visiting in Makawao for several weeks past, depart for Honolulu.

During the week Mrs. Anderson, who formerly, as Miss Ida Campbell, resided at Pala, was the recipient of several social favors.

The afternoon of the 18th, Mrs. J. J. Hair entertained the ladies of Hamakapoko in her honor. A most delightful afternoon was spent by the ladies present.

February 19th, Mrs. D. C. Lindsay, of Pala, gave Mrs. Anderson lunch, at which the following ladies were present: Mrs. J. G. Anderson Jr., Mrs. W. E. Nicoll, Mrs. F. P. Baldwin, Mrs. W. O. Aiken, Mrs. C. D. Loveland, Mrs. H. P. Baldwin, Mrs. S. E. Loveland, Mrs. J. J. Hair, Mrs. H. A. Baldwin and Mrs. F. W. Hardy.

The afternoon of the 20th, Mrs. F. W. Hardy, of Makawao, gave a tea party as a compliment to Mrs. Anderson. Twenty ladies were present.

ROUBLESOME PORTO RICANS.

Porto Rican vagrants are getting to be troublesome in the vicinity of Pala and Hamakapoko. They lounge about by the roadside, and sometimes beg for money. They have also been seen leaving the veranda of a residence hastily after dark. Not long ago a well known Pala family was plundered of several fine table cloths, napkins and other articles. The thieves, a Porto Rican and his wife, who had made up the linen in clothing, were detected by the initial worked upon the fabric.

GENERAL NOTES.

The night of the 17th, Deputy Sheriff S. E. Kalama broke up a game of *fan tan* at Keho, Kula. He captured ten Chinese, who forfeited ball of \$10 each rather than come to trial.

Tuesday, the 18th, Judge Copp, of Makawao, committed the Porto Rican who is said to have attacked his wife and child with a knife recently at

# THE PRESIDENT WANTS VIEWS OF H. P. BALDWIN TALKING OF GEO. CARTER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13th, 1902.

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser,

Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

Care Steamer Alameda, from

San Francisco, Calif.

Roosevelt questioned Macfarlane abruptly during a conversation taking up the name of H. P. Baldwin, and asking: “What kind man is he?” etc. The question is supposed to concern the Governorship.

ERNEST. G. WALKER.

## San Francisco is Interested in Him.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.

All the papers of San Francisco published today lengthy dispatches from their correspondents in Honolulu, relative to the mission of George R. Carter, who is supposed to be on his way to Washington from Hawaii. Sam Parker is as dumb as an oyster on the subject. He not only will not say anything about the Governorship, but he refuses to see reporters and assumes a distant stare when any come within his zone of sight. He fears, apparently, he has put his foot in it by his alleged statements in the East, and is keeping very mum as an antidote to previous loquacity. Sam's friends here, and they are many, are convinced that he has had some assurance from President Roosevelt in case certain conditions are proved to exist that he will be appointed Governor. This is the impression Parker conveys to those who talk with him.

Certainly this is the idea I became imbued with after a brief chat with the big Hawaiian. However, he will be able to talk for himself now in Honolulu. The Chronicle of today follows its dispatches from Honolulu with the following, written by a member of its staff here:

Samuel Parker is at the Occidental hotel. He and his wife, Prince David Kawanakao and wife, with other prominent Hawaiians, will sail today for Honolulu on the steamship Alameda. Parker had hoped that George R. Carter would arrive here before the Alameda sailed, but does not think it worth while to wait for Carter, who is due here on the 17th. Parker returned here from Washington about ten days ago. When interviewed then he denied absolutely that he had been promised the Governorship by Roosevelt, and doubtless he told the truth.

He said that he had telegraphed from Washington to San Francisco and had the message forwarded to Carter at Honolulu, asking him to meet him here. Parker said mysteriously that Carter's arrival here would loosen his (Parker's) tongue as to the conversation he had with Roosevelt. He also said that Roosevelt, while not promising him the position of Governor, had discussed with him the opposition of the natives and anti-missionaries to Dole's rule. Harold Sewall, who was formerly Minister to Hawaii, strongly advocated the appointment of Parker and the ousting of Dole. Sewall is bitterly hated by the “missionaries,” and is now a power with Roosevelt. Roosevelt is understood to have asked for more light, and Carter was suggested as being best fitted to shed this, as he is of the younger generation, a leader in business and politics in Hawaii, and friendly with the Dole partisans. It is improbable that Roosevelt wrote Carter a letter personally; but likely that Parker and Sewall sent him word that the President wished to see him.

In any event, it may be depended on that Carter will not advise any action inimical to Dole or the “missionaries,” as he has been identified with that party ever since his return to Honolulu from a residence of some years in the State of Washington. Carter is hand and glove with these men, who are the richest and most influential in the Territory of Hawaii, and whose organ is the Pacific Commercial Advertiser of Honolulu. Its owner is Lorrin Thurston, former Hawaiian Minister to Washington. The Advertiser, in its latest issues, commends Carter, and says that Roosevelt can depend on his advice.

The fact is that Sam Parker has trained with the Thurston crowd since annexation, and was their candidate for Delegate to Congress at the last election. Parker is a prince of good fellows, but is not considered stable enough for Governor. Lately he has taken up with the “anti-missionaries,” and will be strongly opposed by the “missionaries” in his fight for the Governorship. Parker, by his recent marriage to Mrs. Abigail Campbell, who was worth over \$1,000,000 in her own right, has become independent of his cattle business and so can afford to seek political honors.

Governor Dole is being urged to hurry to Washington to check the cabal against him, but he will hardly do so, as he is a man of great dignity, and rather wears the cares of state. But the “missionaries” will not allow him to put out without opposition, and the next steamer from Honolulu will almost surely bring one or two of the leading Dole men to see Roosevelt what they think of the scheme to oust Dole and to use powerful leverage to keep Dole in his office. They fear if Parker should be Governor legislation might be enacted which would be detrimental to sugar and property interests in the Islands.

Under a libelously bad picture of George R. Carter, the Chronicle has the following concerning Carter: George R. Carter, who is supposed to have left Honolulu for Washington to confer with President Roosevelt on Hawaiian political affairs, is the leader of the younger Republicans in Hawaii. He is a member of the Hawaiian Senate, and in the past four years has been a leader in the politics of the Islands.

Carter is the son of the late H. A. P. Carter, formerly Hawaiian Minister to Washington. He was born in Hawaii, and was educated at Yale. Carter is a good business man, and was prominent in mercantile circles in the State of Washington for some years after he left college. He is well up in his thirties, of athletic build and is a keen sportsman. He is the head of the Hawaiian Trust Company and is a heavy owner in the Hawaiian Electric Com-

pany. Carter has always been identified with the administration party of Hawaii. His reputation went to Hawaii in the early part of the last century, but was not a success.

His mother is a sister of the late John Justice, and one of Mrs. E. R. Winslow. Her father was for many years the trusted adviser of the King of Hawaii when such were few.

Carter is a reformer in politics, and his name is well known and敬爱 (respected) throughout the region. He has drawn about him the leading men of Honolulu of the same mind. He has no political ambition for himself and thought possessed of a private fortune has devoted himself to his banking and other interests. Certainly he has no personal acquaintance with Roosevelt, though they probably have mutual friends in the East, where Carter was known as an enthusiastic football player and all-round athlete. He made a lively campaign for the office of Senator two years ago, and proved himself a convincing speaker and an aggressive legislator.

FREDERICK O'BRIEN.

## COPTIC BROKE CHINA'S RECORD

Very unexpectedly the Coptic arrived from the Orient last night, over a day and a half ahead of time, and breaking the record between Yokohama and Honolulu, held by the China. It's an ill wind that blows nobody good, and the Coptic had the same breeze in her stern which the Alameda and Doric had in their teeth coming from the Const.

For the first six days of the trip excellent knotting was recorded, as good as 380 knots being made on the 18th. On the 21st and 22d, however, an adverse current was recorded, and the daily runs fell off considerably. But for this the Coptic would have knocked spots off all existing records, instead of lowering them by a fractional margin.

The daily runs of the trip were as follows: February 16, 370; February 17, 357; February 18, 380; February 19, 340; February 20, 360; February 21, 354; February 22, 342; and February 23, 369 knots.

The Coptic left Shanghai on the 8th, Nagasaki on the 10th, Kobe on the 12th and Yokohama on the 15th, at 12:28 p. m. She made the run from Yokohama in 9 days, 1 hour and 17 minutes.

The vessel brought 240 tons of freight for this port. Passengers for Honolulu were United States Commissioner S. A. Knapp, who has been touring the world, and Mr. A. A. Wilson. The Coptic will sail for the Orient at 1:30 p. m. today.

Honolulu Cable Rates.

Mackay proposes to charge cable rates to Honolulu if allowed an office in the Honolulu postoffice, as follows: Fifty cents a word between San Francisco and Honolulu for the first two years, with a reduction to thirty-five cents thereafter. He will also complete the cable to Honolulu on or before January 1, 1903.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Honolulu Iron Works was held yesterday at which the reports of various officers were submitted. Manager Hedemann called the attention of the directors to the fact that the corporation is approaching its fiftieth anniversary, but nothing was done towards observing the event.

## BY AUTHORITY.

TERRITORY OF HAWAII, TREASURER'S OFFICE, HONOLULU, OAHU.

In re Dissolution of the People's Ice and Refrigerating Co., Ltd.

Whereas, the PEOPLE'S ICE AND REFRIGERATING CO., LTD., a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawaii, has, pursuant to law in such case made and provided, duly filed in this office, a petition for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed, as required by law.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in said corporation, as he has been identified with that party ever since his return to Honolulu from a residence of some years in the State of Washington. Carter is hand and glove with these men, who are the richest and most influential in the Territory of Hawaii, and whose organ is the Pacific Commercial Advertiser of Honolulu. Its owner is Lorrin Thurston, former Hawaiian Minister to Washington. The Advertiser, in its latest issues, commends Carter, and says that Roosevelt can depend on his advice.

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## WHARF AND WAVE.

## ARRIVED

Saturday, February 24.  
Arr. sp. Mary L. cushion, M. S. M.,  
8 days from Newcastle; 12 m.  
Mr. Kincaid, Freeman, from Hilo and  
way ports.  
Mr. Lehua, Napali, from Maui and  
Mokulua ports.  
Mr. Walakau, Pilot, from Kauai.

7 p. m. Sunday, February 25.  
S. S. Deric, Smith, from San Francisco; 4:10 a. m.  
S. S. Alameda, Hornerman, from San  
Francisco; 7:12 a. m.  
Mr. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson, from  
Kauai ports; 5 a. m.  
Mr. Clarendon Parker, from Kauai  
ports.  
Str. Noau, Wyman, from Kauai-  
hale; 9:10 a. m.  
Str. Nihau, Thompson, from Hanai-  
mau; 1:05 a. m.  
S. S. Coptic, Binder, from the Orient; 8 p. m.  
Str. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from  
Koolau ports; 8:30 p. m.

Monday, February 26.  
Str. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from  
Koolau ports; 8 p. m.

DEPARTED.

Friday, February 21.  
Str. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for La-  
haina, Maiaia, Kona and Kau; 12 m.  
Am. bk. Star of Bengal, Ulberg for  
San Francisco.  
Str. Mohikana, for Koolau ports.

Saturday, February 22.

Am. str. Margherita, for  
Manila via Nagasaki and Chinese  
ports.

Sunday, February 23.

S. S. Deric, Smith, for the Orient; 4  
p. m.

Monday, February 24.

S. S. Coptic, Binder, for San Fran-  
cisco; 1 p. m.

Str. Lehua, Napali, for Molokai  
ports; 5 p. m.

Am. bk. Kate Davenport, Rosendal,  
for Port Townsend; 10 a. m.

Schr. Lady, Mokl, for Koolau ports;  
5 p. m.

Str. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Koo-  
lau ports; 8 a. m.

Br. cruiser Phaeton, Fleet, for Esqui-  
malt.

• • •

## MAUI SHIPPING.

Departures—February 22, bk. Edward  
May, Hansen, for San Francisco, 23,758  
bags sugar; Feb. 22, schr. James Ralph  
Edwards, for San Francisco, 14,886  
bags sugar.

• • •

## HILO SHIPPING.

Charters for Hilo—Am. schr. Enter-  
prise, San Francisco; Am. schr. M. M.  
Kellor, Ballard; Am. schr. Ottile  
Fjord, Ballard; bk. Rhoderick Dhu, San  
Francisco; Am. schr. W. F. Witz-  
mann, Port Townsend.

Vessels in Port—Am. sp. Falls of  
Clyde, Matsen; Am. bk. Martha Davis,  
McAllister; Am. schr. Mary Dodge, Ol-  
son; Am. bk. Santiago Ingalls; Am.  
bk. St. Catherine, Saunders.

Sailed—February 14, Am. schr. Allen  
A. Iverson, in ballast, to Puget Sound.

MAHUKONA, Feb. 18.—Arrived,  
schr. Methia Nelson, Christiansen, 56  
days from Newcastle, N. S. W.; coal  
to Kohala Sugar Company, Hawaii  
Railway Co., Ltd., agents.

• • •

## Round Hilo Wharves.

HILO, Feb. 21.—The Falls of Clyde  
took on a quantity of Oahu sugar Tues-  
day. Despite rough weather the big  
vessel will succeed in getting her full  
quota, and depart for the coast next  
week.

The bark St. Katherine was shifted  
from her mooring in the harbor Tuesday  
and anchored outside, where she dis-  
charged her rock ballast. Captain  
Saunders expects to get a full load of  
sugar with very little delay.

Captain McAllister, of the bark Martha  
Davis, anticipated departing for the  
coast before the week drew to a close.  
The bark will have a good load of sugar  
for the San Francisco refineries.

The American bark Santiago succeeded  
in stowing a considerable amount of sugar  
through her hatches during the  
week. Captain Ingalls bears the proud  
distinction of having made one of the  
liveliest passages from San Francisco to  
Honolulu during the year 1861.

It is expected that the ship Falls of  
Clyde will sail for San Francisco about  
the first part of the coming week. Her  
cargo of sugar is being rapidly placed  
aboard.

Captain Olsen of the schooner Mary  
Dodge is awaiting orders regarding his  
departure from this port. The schooner  
has about completed discharging her  
cargo of 35,882 feet of pine lumber,  
brought from the Sound. The vessel  
may be sent to Maui ports to take on  
sugar for the coast refineries.

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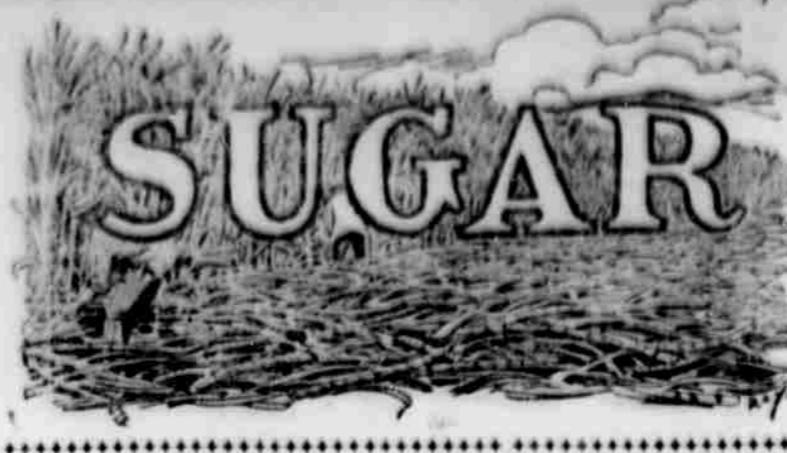
REV. W. M. KINCAID  
AT THE BIG TENT

A tent which will hold three hundred  
persons, is to be erected on the empty  
lot off Fort street, just above Hotel  
street, in which Rev. William Morris  
Kincaid, of Central Union church, will  
hold a series of evangelical meetings to  
last for several weeks. Work was com-  
menced yesterday on the central room,  
which was practically completed last  
evening. The big tent, which is the  
gift of P. C. Jones, will probably be  
raised over the space tomorrow morning,  
and the interior then arranged in  
a manner which will provide for the  
comfortable seating of all who enter.  
A large piano will be installed and  
seating arrangements made for a choir  
of about twenty-five voices. Henry  
Waterhouse has donated a hundred  
chairs, and those who have the affair  
in hand are looking for two hundred  
more, the probabilities being that these  
will also be donated.

Everything will be in readiness to  
commence the meeting at 7:30 p. m.  
when a special lot of singers under the  
direction of P. W. Rider will give a  
song service outside the tent to last for  
fifteen minutes. Miss Yarrow will lead  
the choir inside the tent. The service  
will be opened by Rev. Mr. Kincaid at  
7:45. The only meetings to be held this  
week will be on Thursday and Saturday  
evenings. There will be three or  
four meetings every week thereafter,  
the dates of which will be announced  
later.

All the ministers of the city will be  
invited to be present on the opening  
night, and an enthusiastic service is  
anticipated.

Bids for public franchises in Los An-  
geles has brought about a fight between  
Clark and Huntington interests.

COUCH OF  
A PRINCESS  
Elaborate Carving  
on a Kauila  
Bed.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

WHEN carver and polisher have  
finished with the headboard which  
is being made for Princess Ka-  
wananakoa, the bride of the young  
son-in-law of Col. Sam Parker will  
possess in much which may lay claim to  
being the most elaborate thing of the  
kind here. The woods employed are  
kauila and kou and the carvings are  
representative of all the various char-  
acteristic fruits of the islands.

The wood from which the tall posts  
of the bed are made was secured from  
an old building and are thoroughly  
cured, in many places being so well  
done that they have cracked and split  
from age. The posts measure eight  
feet in height and from the base to  
the top, which represents the crown of  
Hawaii, they will be, when complete, a  
mass of carving. This is indeed a task  
as the hardness of the wood makes it  
almost impossible to do fast work. In  
many instances the wood is so hard  
that the fine edges of the tools which  
have to be employed have been wiped  
out by the knobs.

The head of the bed is in itself a  
piece of art, though there will be little  
carving there. The kou wood which is  
used in the head board is pierced for  
nine panels, all of which are kauila  
polished to the highest degree. Sur-  
mounting this board, which will be  
placed between the high posts will be  
a great crown, supported on either side  
by sheaves of fern leaves.

The four posts will be the works of  
real art. The crown will surmount each  
of them and there will be employed in  
the decorations various fruits and flow-  
ers of the islands. The smaller relief  
circles all the way down the posts,  
which will divide the highly ornate sec-  
tions, will be done in shells interspersed  
with leaves. The capitals upon  
which will rest the crowns are in  
shells and immediately beneath them  
is a section which will be done in vari-  
ous flowers and foliage. Immediately  
beneath these sections there is a twin-  
ing of leis and leaves. This section is  
in high relief, the wood which will be  
carved having been glued in sections  
upon the main shaft of the post. The  
lei will be carried all around the post  
twice, and will be in representation of  
the ilima and lauhala, the malie being  
represented in the broader expanse,  
which also twines about the shat.

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The man who may most be blamed  
for the present condition of sugar  
stocks is Edward Politz of Politz &  
Co., brokers, in San Francisco. Politz  
began to manipulate sugar stocks  
three years ago, and created a craze in  
San Francisco that exceeded almost  
any similar excitement. The stock of  
the Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar  
Company, and the Hutchinson Sugar  
Company—practically the only two  
stocks listed then—rushed up at a ter-  
rible pace. Hawaiian Commercial went  
up to \$12 a share, and Hutchinson  
went over a hundred. The new stocks  
such as Makaweli, Onomea, Honokai,  
Kilauea were listed, and these, too, be-  
gan to swell.

STOCKS BEGAN TO DECLINE.  
Then the market took a turn, and  
stocks began to drop, not suddenly, but  
steadily and consistently. Now Hawa-  
ian sugar stocks are bid as follows  
here: Hawaiian Commercial, \$35;  
Hutchinson, \$14; Honokai, \$10.50; Kila-  
uea, \$9.50; Makaweli, \$25.50; Onomea,  
\$24; Paauhau, \$10.25; Hana, \$2.50.

This is the present situation, but the  
facts in Hawaii do not warrant it. It  
is a reaction from the Politz boom.  
The fact that most of the sugar com-  
panies have been compelled to with-  
draw dividends has made investment  
money forsake those stocks. They are  
bound to come up, although it may be  
a year or two. As they stand today  
they look like an excellent investment  
for one who is willing to wait.

The Hawaiian government is stable,  
freights are being lowered, plantation  
outputs are growing, and unless Cuban  
sugar is admitted at more than  
a 20 per cent discount from its present  
tariff, Hawaiian sugar can compete  
easily.

## ROOSEVELT ON SUGAR.

The New York Commercial says edi-  
torially:

It is stated authoritatively by a re-  
cent caller at the White House, who  
had a serious talk with President  
Roosevelt on the proposed reduction of  
the duty on Cuban sugar, that the  
chief executive defined his own position  
and that of the administration as  
briefly and substantially:

Whatever concession is made must  
be purely and wholly in the interest  
of the Cubans—not for the benefit of  
any persons or interests in the United  
States. And it must be made in that  
way—whatever it may be discovered to  
be—which will inflict the very smallest  
measure of injury upon any American  
interest and impose the least burden  
or embarrassment possible upon any  
American citizen.

Waiving now the question as to  
whether or not we are under any obliga-  
tion to Cuba and whether or not such a  
radical change from a time-honored  
policy is economically defensible  
in its relation to our home industries  
of cane and beet sugar growing,  
we are confronted with two great and  
serious problems—from the administra-  
tion's point of view, and that is ap-  
parently the one most likely to give form  
and color to the legislation now looked  
for. In other words, benevolent legisla-  
tion of this sort must not, in its  
practical effects, put a single cent pay-  
ing into the pockets of the American  
refineries or of any other other

• • •  
dictated that her visitor would marry in  
October. Miss Voeller returned to her  
Honolulu home, met Humeltenberg, who  
posed as a bachelor, and he made love  
to the young woman. Miss Voeller re-  
membered the prediction of the fortune  
teller, imagined that her suitor was the  
affinity she had discerned in the  
dim future, accepted him, and on October  
1st the couple were married. The young  
wife was so delighted over the  
event, and evidently having faith in the  
predictions of the fortune teller, wrote to  
the latter informing her of the happy  
marriage, and enclosed in her letter the  
announcement of the marriage, cut from  
one of the Honolulu papers. The fortune  
teller made extensive use of the infor-  
mation and advertised the whole affair  
by publishing the letter and notice of  
marriage in the daily papers of San  
Francisco. That attracted the attention  
of Mrs. Humeltenberg, who at first  
regarded the whole affair as a joke.  
At last she was persuaded to call on the  
fortune teller and inquire whether the  
latter's announcement from Honolulu  
were genuine or merely myths gotten up  
for advertising purposes. She was shown  
the letter signed by the new Mrs. Humel-  
tenberg, formerly Miss Voeller.

She then consulted Attorney Joseph  
Rotnchild, who made a thorough  
investigation and obtained all the proof  
that Humeltenberg married the Honolulu  
woman without having obtained a  
divorce from his San Francisco wife.  
Among the papers he received a duplicate  
of the marriage license issued to  
Humeltenberg, the report of the mar-

riage sent by the officiating minister,  
Rev. W. M. Kincaid, to the Registrar,  
and a letter from Florence B. Yarrow,  
assistant of the Central Union Church  
at Honolulu, in which she says that Rev.  
Kincaid performed the marriage  
ceremony of W. F. Humeltenberg and  
Miss Hattie Voeller at his home on October 1, 1861, and that Miss Voeller is a  
member of the Christian Endeavor Society.

In the last letter which Mrs. Humel-  
tenberg received from her husband, dated  
December 18, 1861, he wishes his wife  
and children a merry Christmas, and ex-  
presses the hope to be reunited with his  
family very soon, and then continues as  
follows: "I have charge of the medicine  
shop at the till. The manager left me  
that if I was married I could bring my  
wife to the plantation and have a  
cottage and a cook furnished free."

• • •

American—it must go directly and solely  
into the pockets of the allegedly  
suffering Cuban planters; and its ill-  
effects, if any, upon American indus-  
trial interests must somehow be reduced  
to a minimum. This latter proposition  
is possible of accomplishment only  
through mutual concessions to be  
made by the opposing interests, whose  
influence will presumably be a most  
important factor in reaching an agree-  
ment in advance of official action by  
Congress. The lengths to which such  
concessions would go cannot be defi-  
nitely forecast at this time.

The other proposition is easier. The  
most practical plan would seem to be  
one that comprehends the collection of  
the regular duty on Cuban sugar as at  
present; the reduction—whatever it is—  
to be segregated by the Secretary of the  
Treasury, the resulting fund of \$20,000,000 or \$40,000,000 or \$50,000,  
000 to be passed over to a com-  
mission or fiscal agent of the United  
States who shall pay it back pro rata  
directly to those Cuban planters who  
actually exported the sugar to the  
United States on which the duty was  
collected, and all the expenses of in-  
vestigation, "keeping tally" and dis-  
bursement to be deducted from the  
fund before distribution.

FREDERICK O'BRIEN.

## COUNTERVAILING DUTIES.

BERLIN, Feb. 19.—The news received  
here from the Brussels Sugar Conference  
is that Great Britain intends imposing  
a countervailing duty on sugar  
against bounties-paying countries, has  
alarmed the German and Austrian sugar  
manufacturers. The delegates of both  
countries met yesterday and discussed  
the action to be taken. They resolved  
to do their utmost to prevent  
the abolition of bounties at a moment  
when the sugar industry is experiencing  
a severe crisis and to appeal to  
both governments to do nothing which  
may disastrously affect the industry.

## CUBAN SUGAR TRADE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The American  
Beet Sugar Association, by its  
president, Henry T. Oxnard, has sub-  
mitted to the House committee on  
ways and means a petition urging that  
a committee be sent to Cuba for the  
purpose of obtaining by actual inquiry  
on the ground and by an examination  
of the accounts of the Cuban sugar  
factories, the facts in regard to the  
Cuban sugar industry. The petition  
suggests that the investigations of the  
special committee will be facilitated if  
the committee be authorized to invite a  
representative of the American Beet  
Sugar Association, of the Cuban planters  
and of the American Cane Growers'  
Association to accompany the committee  
to Cuba and to cross-examine wit-  
nesses. The petition states that while  
General Wood in his letter to the Sen-  
ators and Representatives asking con-  
cessions for Cuba, says the cost of pro-  
ducing sugar in the island is 2 cents  
a pound, experts have testified that it  
is from 1½ to 1¾ cents, and the Cubans  
are now making a small profit on their  
product.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—The pre-  
liminaries of a combination of northern  
jobbers who will maintain the price of  
sugar were arranged at the Merchants'  
Club yesterday. Prominent business  
houses of Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma  
and Portland were represented, and the  
probabilities are that they will be able  
to control the price of the sweet com-  
modity throughout Oregon and Wash-  
ington.

The northern dealers have combined  
with the pool already formed by Califor-  
nia jobbers both in this city and throughout  
the State. It is the purpose of the pool  
to regulate the price along the entire Pacific slope as far east as  
Utah. In order to do this the jobbers  
controlling this territory have entered  
into an agreement to maintain such  
schedule price as shall be adopted by  
the pool.

The price, as heretofore, will be de-  
termined by the refineries, but it is the  
intention of jobbers to add an additional  
one-eighth to one-quarter of a cent  
per pound in order to reimburse them-  
selves for the expenses of handling.  
The jobbers claim that they have han-  
dled sugar on such a narrow margin  
that there not only ceased to be any  
profit in its sale for them, but that it  
had even become a source of expense.  
In many cases sugar had been made  
a cent or more to induce the retailer to pur-  
chase other commodities.

Whether or not the pool will succeed  
in its undertaking remains to be seen.  
This is not the first combination which